Law Enforcement

Enforcement of boating laws and regulations, along with providing for safety on Pennsylvania waters, is the responsibility of the Pennsylvania Fish and Boat Commission’s Waterways Conservation Officers. Some of the waters of the state are also patrolled by other agencies such as the Bureau of State Parks, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, USCG, and the National Park Service.

Boaters approached by a patrol boat with its blue light flashing must reduce speed to slow no-wake and yield the right of way to the patrol boat. The operator shall stop when requested to do so by a law enforcement officer. Violators can expect enforcement action. Persons who violate boating laws and regulations are subject to arrest, and upon conviction, the boat operator may be found guilty of a summary offense or misdemeanor. The penalty can be a fine and/or jail sentence. The Pennsylvania Fish and Boat Commission is also authorized by law to revoke, suspend, or deny the boating privileges of persons who are convicted of violating the boating laws and regulations. Persons whose boating privileges are subject to revocation, suspension, or denial will be notified in writing and given the opportunity for a hearing.

PFBC Lakes and Access Areas

- Any boat, powered or unpowered, using a PFBC lake or access area, must display a current registration or launch permit.
- Inflatable boats less than 7 feet in length or which are not constructed of durable fabric and do not have at least two separate buoyancy chambers are prohibited.
- Overnight mooring is permitted if the boat has a current registration. Boats may be moored from March 1 through November 30 at designated areas. Launch Use permits do not allow these same privileges.
- The following acts are prohibited on the PFBC property:
  - Camping, building, or maintaining fires.
  - Picking, cutting, or digging flowers, plants, shrubs, or trees.
  - Swimming at Commission access areas or in Commission-owned lakes.
  - Leaving trash, garbage, or debris, except as placed in containers provided for such purposes and accumulated only during the use of Commission property.
  - Removing or defacing any sign, poster, or property.
- Overnight sleeping in boats, automotive vehicles, tents, campers, or the like.
- Blocking driveways, access roads, or launch ramps.
- Parking in undesignated areas.
- While on Commission property, dogs must be licensed and under control. When the dog is on a lawn area, trail, or parking lot, it must be on a leash not to exceed 6 feet in length. The maximum number of dogs that an owner or handler is permitted to have on Commission property at one time is two. Droppings must be immediately scooped and disposed of off Commission property. The owner or handler is responsible for the conduct of the dog.

Permits

All tournaments, regattas, races, parades, and exhibitions must be authorized by the Pennsylvania Fish and Boat Commission or Coast Guard. An application must be filed with the Commission at least 60 days prior to such event. Forms are available from the Bureau of Law Enforcement.

Floating structures, including ski ramps, must have a permit from the Commission to be placed on any waters. Waterway markers, including signs and buoys, must have a permit from the Commission to be placed on any waters. Applications can be found at www.fishandboat.com/Transact/Forms/BoatingForms.

Marine Sanitation Devices (MSD)

The Water Quality Act of 1987 requires the installation of an MSD on all vessels with installed toilet systems operating in the navigational waters of the United States. Marine toilets are a source of pollution if not designed correctly.

They must be of a sealed construction, so no waste can be discharged from the toilet directly or indirectly into the water. All MSDs must be USCG approved. Portable toilets are not considered installed toilets. Direct overboard discharge of portable toilet waste is a violation of state water regulations.

Discharge of sewage, treated or untreated, is prohibited in all fresh water impoundments lying entirely within the boundaries of the state. When boating on these waters, if your watercraft is equipped with an installed toilet system, it must be removed, sealed, or drained into a holding tank, which can be carried or pumped ashore for disposal at an approved sewage treatment system.

Littering and Pollution

Plastic bags, discarded fishing line, and other garbage kill fish, waterfowl, and wildlife. Before throwing away six-pack rings, snip each circle with scissors. Once the rings are cut, no animal can get caught in the rings. In Pennsylvania, it is unlawful for any person to litter. If something blows out of your boat, go back and remove the object(s) from the water. Cigarette butts tossed in Pennsylvania waters is considered littering. Properly dispose of all litter and report water pollution.

If you see any source or indication of pollution, such as dead fish, call the PFBC’s Pollution Hotline at 1-855-FISH-KIL, or the Department of Environmental Protection at 1-800-541-2050, or the appropriate PFBC regional office. During after-hours, weekends, and holidays, call the Department of Environmental Protection at (717) 787-4343.

See WATER POLLUTION or POACHING? REPORT IT!

PFBC TOLL-FREE HOTLINE 855-FISH-KIL

WASTE, OIL, AND TRASH DISPOSAL IN PENNSYLVANIA AND FEDERAL WATERS

It is illegal to discharge sewage or other human waste, oil, or trash into any state or federally controlled waters. Sewage carries disease and other pollutants harmful to people, aquatic plants, and animals. Trash thrown into the water can injure swimmers and wildlife alike. It can also plug engine cooling water intakes.

Pre-plan your trip: find pump-out locations on the PFBC website (www.fishandboat.com) or look for the waterway sign below that indicates their availability.
The Refuse Act prohibits throwing, discharging, or depositing any refuse matter of any kind (including trash, garbage, oil, and other liquid pollutants) into the waters of the United States.

**Discharge of oil and other hazardous substances**
- Regulations issued under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act require all vessels with propulsion machinery to be able to retain oil mixtures on board.
- Discharge of oil or hazardous substances is prohibited. The penalty for illegal discharge may be a fine of up to $10,000.
- Dumping oil into the bilge of the vessel without means for proper disposal is also prohibited. Fuel spills can be removed using absorbent bilge pads.
- Oil waste must be disposed at an approved reception facility. On recreational vessels, a bucket or bailer is adequate for temporary storage prior to disposing of the oil waste at an approved facility.
- Notify the Coast Guard immediately if your vessel discharges oil or a hazardous substance into the water. Call toll-free (800) 424-8802. Report the discharge's location, color, source, substances, size, and time observed. You must also call the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection and report the discharge.
- If boating on federally controlled waters and your vessel is 26 feet or longer, you must display a 5- x 8-inch placard made of durable material, fixed in a conspicuous place in the machinery spaces or at the bilge pump control station, stating the following:

**DISCHARGE OF OIL PROHIBITED**

The Federal Water Pollution Control Act prohibits the discharge of oil or oily waste upon or into any navigable waters of the United States. The prohibition includes any discharge, which causes a film or discoloration of the surface of the water or causes a sludge or emulsion beneath the surface of the water. Violator's are subject to substantial civil and/or criminal sanctions including fines and imprisonment.

**Aquatic Invasive Species**

**STOP AQUATIC HITCHHIKERS!**

Help reduce the spread of Aquatic Invasive Species

Aquatic Invasive Species (AIS) are plants and animals that have been introduced into new ecosystems and have environmental, recreational, economic, or health impacts. These invaders may damage equipment and compete with native species. Anglers and boaters may unknowingly introduce AIS into new waters.

**STOP AQUATIC HITCHHIKERS BY FOLLOWING THESE SIMPLE STEPS.**

Check your equipment before leaving any body of water. Inspect every inch of your boat, trailer, and fishing gear. Remove and leave behind plants, mud, and aquatic life.

Check your boat:
- Anchor and line
- Motor lower unit
- Hull
- Trailer hitch, rollers, lights, and axle
- Life jackets
- Swimming floats, water skis, wakeboards, and tubes.

Check your fishing gear:
- Shoes or boots
- Clothing
- Fishing vests
- Fishing rod, reel, and line
- Hooks and lures
- Tackle boxes

Remove:
- Visible plants
- Fish or other aquatic animals
- Mud and dirt

Do not transport any potential hitchhiker, even back to your home. Remove and leave them at the site you visited.

**Drain water from all equipment before leaving the area you are visiting.** Some species may live for months in water that has not been removed.

Drain:
- Motors
- Jet drives
- Live wells
- Compartments
- Boat hulls
- Bilge
- Shoes, boots, and waders
- Bait buckets
- Life jackets
- Swimming floats, water skis, wakeboards, and tubes.

Follow the cleaning instructions below after the water has been removed.

Before going to another body of water, **clean anything that came in contact with the water.**
- Use hot (140° F) water to clean your equipment.
- Spray equipment with a high-pressure washer. If hot water is not available, a commercial hot water car wash also makes an ideal location to wash your boat, motor, and trailer.

Or, **dry everything before entering new waters.** Allow equipment to dry to the touch, and then allow it to dry another 48 hours. Thick and dense material like life jackets will hold moisture longer, take longer to dry, and be more difficult to clean.

**STOP AQUATIC HITCHHIKERS.** Do not transport any plants, fish, or other aquatic life from one body of water to another. Do not release unused bait into the waters you are fishing. Dump unused bait in a trash can. For more information: [www.fishandboat.com/ais-reporting.htm](http://www.fishandboat.com/ais-reporting.htm).